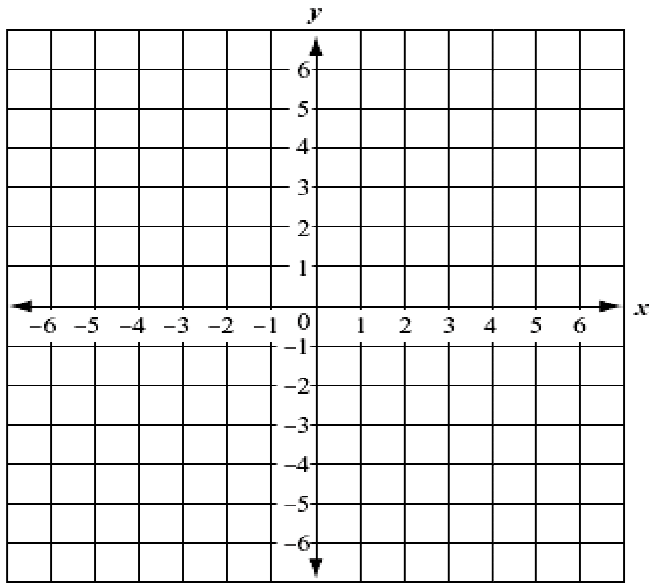




Now let's graph this Hot Cocoa data on the coordinate plane below:



The equation for this line is: \_\_\_\_\_

The earnings depend *directly* on the number of cups sold.

## SO, JUST WHAT IS DIRECT VARIATION?

A **direct variation** is described by an equation of the form \_\_\_\_\_

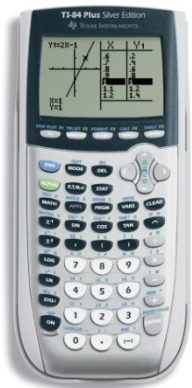
where  $k \neq 0$ . We say that  $y$  *varies directly with*  $x$ , or  $x$  *varies directly with*  $y$ .

In the equation  $y = kx$ , the variable  $k$  is the \_\_\_\_\_.

The *slope* of the line in our hot cocoa example above is \_\_\_\_\_.

For direct variation, the slope is always  $\frac{y}{x}$ .

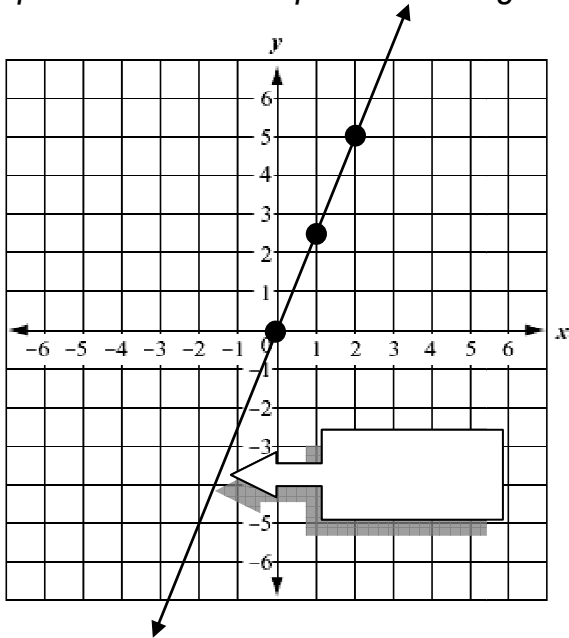
*Graph It!* Let's use our graphing calculator to see what happens when we change the price of our hot cocoa...



<u>Cost</u>	<u>Equation</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Equation</u>
\$0.25 per cup	$y =$	\$1.50 per cup	$y =$
\$0.75 per cup	$y =$	\$2 per cup	$y =$
\$1.00 per cup	$y =$	-\$1.00 per cup!	$y =$

# SLOPE AND CONSTANT VARIATION

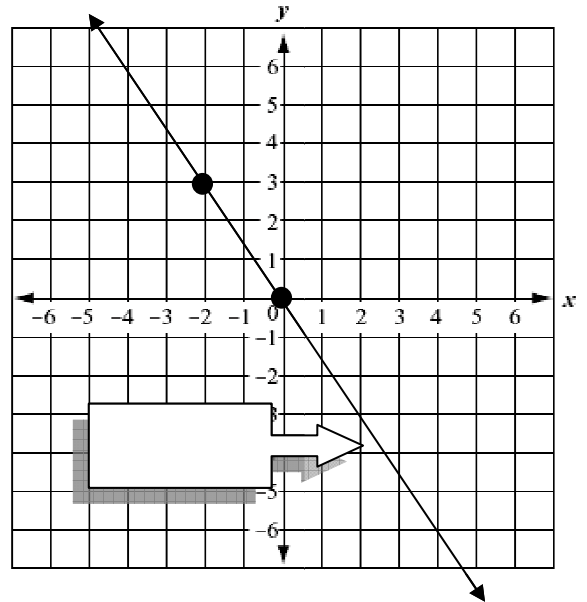
For these two graphs, name the constant of variation for each equation. Then find the slope of the line that passes through the points.



Slope:

Constant of variation:

Equation:



Slope:

Constant of variation:

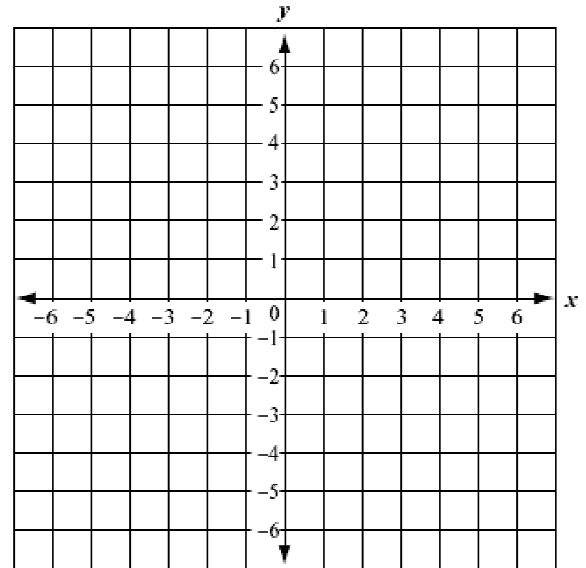
Equation:

# FAMILIES OF LINES

On your graphing calculator, graph these three equations:

$$y = 1x \quad y = 2x \quad y = 4x$$

Draw the graph of these equations on the grid to the right and properly label each line.



Now, write an equation whose graph lies *between* the graph for  $y = 1x$  and  $y = 2x$ .

Possible answers: \_\_\_\_\_

Finally, write an equation whose graph points downward, crossing from the 2<sup>nd</sup> quadrant to the 4<sup>th</sup> quadrant.

Possible answers: \_\_\_\_\_

What do all of these graphs have in common?

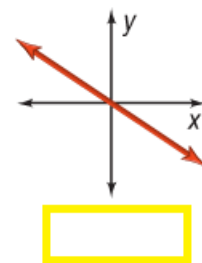
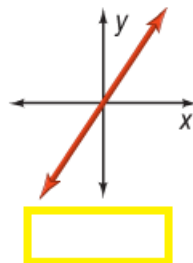
How do they differ?

**Take note**

## Concept Summary Graphs of Direct Variations

The graph of a direct variation equation  $y = kx$  is a line with the following properties.

- The line passes through  $(0, 0)$ .
- The slope of the line is  $k$ .



# Writing and Solving a Direct Variation Equation

**Example 1:** Does  $y$  vary directly with  $x$  in each of these tables?

**A**

$x$	$y$
4	6
8	12
10	15

**B**

$x$	$y$
-2	3.2
1	2.4
4	1.6

What is the *direct variation equation* that relates  $x$  and  $y$  for table A?

A.  $y = \underline{\quad} x$

In table A, use the direct variation equation to find  $y$  when  $x = 20$ .

A.

**Example 2:** Suppose  $y$  varies directly with  $x$ . Now I tell you that  $y = 6$  when  $x = 3$ .

a. What is the direct variation equation that relates  $x$  and  $y$ ?

b. What is the value of  $y$ , if  $x = 10$ ?

# 5-2 HW: Do All Exercises

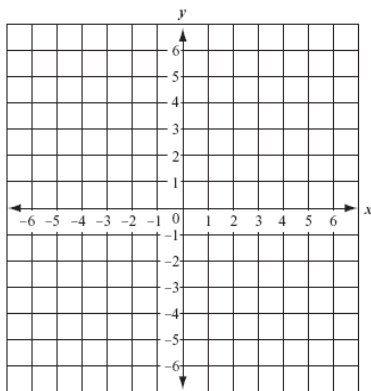
Suppose  $y$  varies directly with  $x$ . Write a direct variation equation that relates  $x$  and  $y$ . Then find the value of  $y$  when  $x = 8$ .

5.  $y = 4$  when  $x = 8$

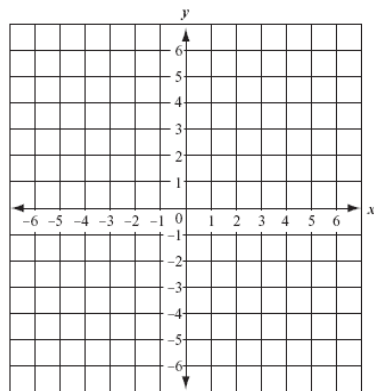
6.  $y = 15$  when  $x = 5$

Graph each direct variation equation.

9.  $y = 3x$



10.  $y = -x$



For the data in each table, tell whether  $y$  varies directly with  $x$ . If it does, write an equation for the direct variation.

13.

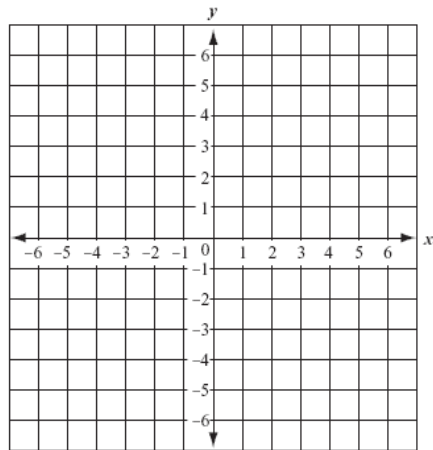
$x$	$y$
4	5.4
2	2.7
-2	-2.7

14.

$x$	$y$
6	-6.9
10	-11.5
-7	-8.05

Write a direct variation equation that relates  $x$  and  $y$ . Then graph the equation.

15.  $y = -21$  when  $x = 7$



Tell whether the two quantities vary directly. Explain your reasoning.

17. Sara makes \$3.50 more per hour than Pasco.

(Make a table to show how much Sarah would make if Pasco made \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, and \$9.00 per hour.)

18. The cafeteria provides three meals per day.

(Make a table to show totals for 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 days.)

19. Jasmine scores 10 points per game.

(Make a table to show totals for 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 games.)

20. **Reasoning** How can you tell, by examining the graph, if a line represents a direct variation?